

Valamar Lacroma Dubrovnik Hotel | Dubrovnik, Croatia | October 7–12, 2018 https://oceanopticsconference.org

Monday, October 8 Poster Session 1 16:00–18:00

Poster 49 SATELLITE REMOTE SENSING OF THE HARMFUL ALGAE ALEXANDRIUM FUNDYENSE IN THE BAY OF FUNDY: AN ECOLOGICAL APPROACH

Alexandrium Fundyense spp. is a dinoflagellate that produces paralytic shellfish poisoning (PSP) toxins in the Bay of Fundy (BoF) and neighbouring Gulf of Maine. The toxins accumulate in shellfish through filter-feeding and can be fatal to vertebrate consumers. Recurrence of blooms of A. fundyense in the BoF leads every year to the closure of shellfish harvesting and causes issues to aquaculture. Given the patchy nature of A. fundyense bloom over large areas, satellite remote sensing represents an asset to monitor the dynamic of this algae. However, direct remote sensing of A. fundyense is challenging due to i) the low abundance (are as low as 200 cells·L–1) at which toxicity is detected in shellfish harvesting areas, and ii) its spectral signature to similar to that of other phytoplankton. Here we used an ecological approach based on sea-surface temperature and occurrence of diatoms derived by satellite to provide a warning system made of three levels: green for low abundance of A. fundyense are known to occur after the termination of the spring diatom bloom when temperature increases. A sensitivity study that uses in situ abundance of A. fundyense and coincidental sea-surface temperature (AVHRR) and occurrence of diatoms (SeaWIFS) between 1998 and 2007 was performed to find thresholds that trigger one level of warning or the other. Spatial and temporal variation of A. fundyes blooms in the BoF was studied.

Emmanuel Devred, Bedford Insitute of Oceanography, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, emmanuel.devred@dfo-mpo.gc.ca, https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9446-0005 Jennifer Martin, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Jennifer.Martin@dfo-mpo.gc.ca Shubha Sathyendranath, Plymouth Marine Laboratory, shubha.sathyendranath@gmail.com Trevor Platt, Plymouth Marine Laboratory, tplat@dal.ca Marie-Hélène Forget, Takuvik, University Laval - CNRS, marie-helene.forget@takuvik.ulaval.ca Venetia Stuart, IOCCG, Venetia.Stuart@dfo-mpo.gc.ca